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CWM900 HSDPA Module Hardware User Guide

V1.8



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Shanghai Yuge



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Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

This document describes the functions, interfaces, technical specifications, appearance, and structure of the CWM900 HSUPA module. It can help the R&D engineers using this module to provide design references.

1.2 Abbreviations

Table 1-1 Abbreviations

| | | |
|-------|---|------------|
| AMR | Adaptive Multirate | 自适应多速率 |
| BER | Bit Error Rate | 误码率 |
| BTS | Base Transceiver Station | 基站收发信台 |
| CS | Circuit Switched (CS) domain | 电路域 |
| CSD | Circuit Switched Data | 电路交换数据 |
| DCE | Data circuit—terminating equipment | 数据电路终端设备 |
| DTE | Data terminal equipment | 数据终端设备 |
| DTR | Data Terminal Ready | 数据终端就绪 |
| EFR | Enhanced Full Rate | 增强型全速率 |
| EGSM | Enhanced GSM | 增强型 GSM |
| EMC | Electromagnetic Compatibility | 电磁兼容性 |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge | 静电释放 |
| FR | Frame Relay | 帧中继 |
| GMSK | Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying | 高斯最小移频键控 |
| GPRS | General Packet Radio Service | 通用分组射频系统 |
| GSM | Global Standard for Mobile Communications | 全球标准移动通信系统 |
| HR | Half Rate | 半速率 |
| HSDPA | High Speed Downlink Packet Access | 高速下行分组接入 |
| HSUPA | High Speed Uplink Packet Access | 高速上行分组接入 |
| IEC | International Electrotechnical Commission | 国际电工技术委员会 |
| IMEI | International Mobile Equipment Identity | 国际移动设备标识 |
| I/O | Input/Output | 输入/输出 |
| ISO | International Standards Organization | 国际标准化组织 |
| ITU | International Telecommunications Union | 国际电信联盟 |
| kbps | kbits per second | 千比特每秒 |
| LED | Light Emitting Diode | 发光二极管 |
| M2M | Machine to machine | 机器到机器 |
| MO | Mobile Originated | 移动台发起的 |
| MT | Mobile Terminated | 移动台终止的 |
| NTC | Negative Temperature Coefficient | 负温度系数 |
| PC | Personal Computer | 个人计算机 |



| | | |
|--------|--|--------------|
| PCB | Printed Circuit Board | 印制电路板 |
| PCI | Peripheral Component Interconnect | 外设部件互连 |
| PCM | Pulse Code Modulation | 脉冲编码调制 |
| PCS | Personal Communication System | GSM1900 |
| PDU | Packet Data Unit | 分组数据单元 |
| PPP | Point-to-point protocol | 点到点协议 |
| PS | Packet Switched | 分组交换 |
| QPSK | Quadrature Phase Shift Keying | 正交相位移频键控 |
| TCP/IP | Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol | 传输控制协议/互联网协议 |
| UART | Universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter | 通用异步收/发器（机） |
| UIM | User Identified Module | 用户识别模块 |
| UMTS | Universal Mobile Telecommunications System | 通用移动通信系统 |
| USB | Universal Serial Bus | 通用串行总线 |



Chapter 2. Module review

2.1 Product Introduction

The CWM900 HSUPA module is a UMTS HSPA module with PCI Express Mini Card 1.2 standard interface. It uses Qualcomm's MSM6290 HSPA platform and supports embedded operating systems such as WinCE/Linux. It has voice, SMS, GPS and high-speed data services. The CWM900 HSUPA module can be used in the following applications:

- ❖ Netbook, notebook
- ❖ PDA、MID
- ❖ GPS navigation
- ❖ Wireless POS machine
- ❖ Wireless advertising, media
- ❖ Wireless routing, switch
- ❖ Remote monitoring
- ❖ Smart meter reading
- ❖ lottery machine
- ❖ Other wireless terminals, etc.

2.2 Module shape

The function diagram of the CWM900 HSUPA module is as follows:

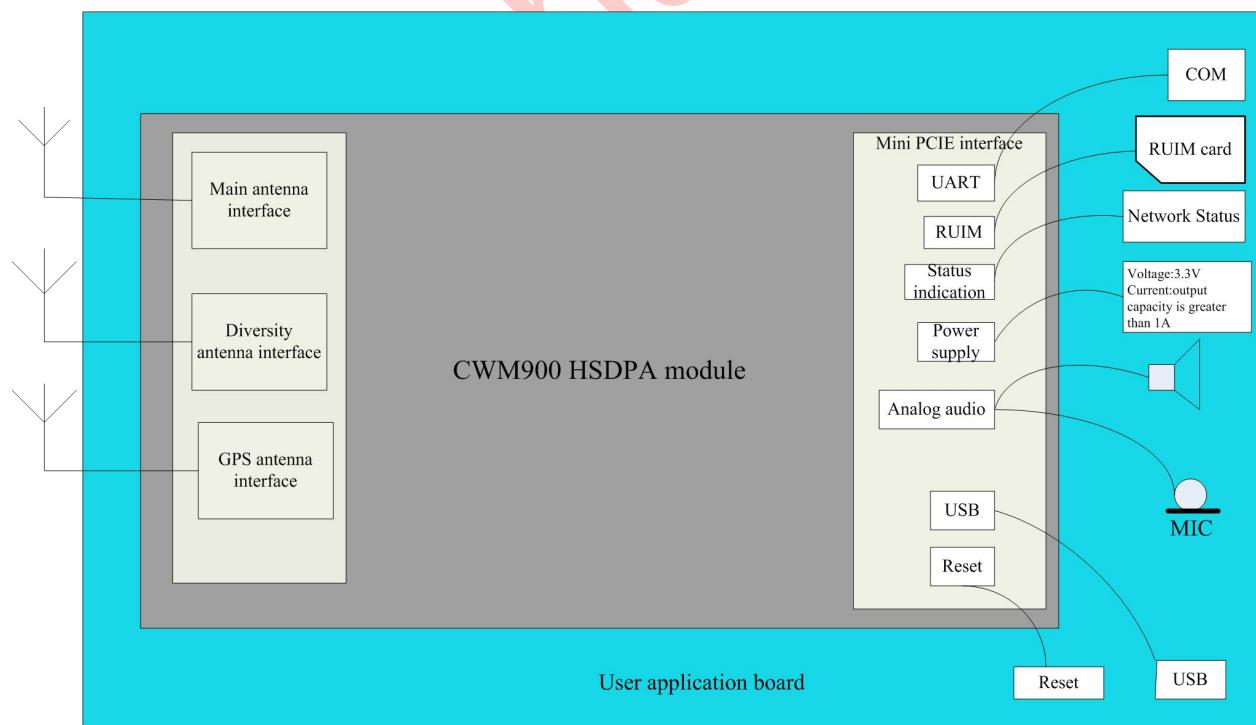


Figure 2-1 Outline drawing of the CWM900 HSUPA module

Size: 51mm×30mm×5mm



2.3 Main function of the module

The main functions of the CWM900 HSUPA module are as follows:

- ❖ Support UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA Quad Band 850/900/1900/2100 frequency band
- ❖ Support GSM/GPRS/EDGE Quad Band 850/900/1800/1900 frequency band
- ❖ Supports primary/diversity antenna reception
- ❖ Support GPS
- ❖ Support 1 channel USB 2.0 Highspeed interface
- ❖ Support 1 way USIM card interface (3.0V/1.8V)
- ❖ Support 2 UART interfaces (where UART1 is 8-wire with flow control function serial port)
- ❖ Support 1 channel PCM/I2S interface (transmits digital voice)
- ❖ Support 1 pair of differential analog voice input / output
- ❖ Support 2 channels of GPIO and control signals
- ❖ Support 1 LED lights control
- ❖ Support standard AT instruction set and YUGA extended AT instruction set



Chapter 3. Technical indicators and electrical characteristics

3.1 Overall technical indicators

The overall technical specifications of the CWM900 HSUPA module are shown in the following table:

Table 3-1 Overall technical indicators

| Technical indicators | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| External Interface | Mini PCI Express interface : PCI Express Mini Card 1.2standard |
| Working frequency | UMTS/HSDPA: Quad band, 850/900/1900/2100MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: Quad band, 850/900/1800/1900MHz |
| Data rate | HSPA: UL 5.76Mbps/DL 7.2Mbps WCDMA PS: UL 384kbps/DL 384kbps WCDMA CS: UL 64kbps/DL 64kbps EDGE: UL 236.8kbps/DL 236.8kbps GPRS: UL 53.6kbps/DL 53.6kbps GSM CS: 3dBm ±2dB) for EGSM/GPRS 900 |
| Maximum transmit power | Class 1 (+30dBm ±2dB) for GSM/GPRS 1800 Class 1 (+30dBm ±2dB) for GSM/GPRS 1900 Class E2 (+27dBm ±2dB) for EDGE 850 Class E2 (+27dBm ±2dB) for EDGE 900 Class E2 (+26dBm ±2dB) for EDGE 1800 Class E2 (+26dBm ±2dB) for EDGE 1900 Class 3 (+24dBm +1/-3dB) for UMTS 2100, WCDMA FDD BdI Class 3 (+24dBm +1/-3dB) for UMTS 1900, WCDMA FDD BdII Class 3 (+24dBm +1/-3dB) for UMTS 900, WCDMA FDD BdVIII Class 3 (+24dBm +1/-3dB) for UMTS 850, WCDMA FDD BdV |
| Operating Voltage | 3.3~4.2V,Recommended value 3.3V |
| Working current | Off: <10uA |
| | Standby: <3mA |
| | Maximum average: 1000mA |
| Size | 51mm×30mm×5mm |
| Operating system | Windows 2000 Windows XP 32/64 |



| | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | Windows Vista 32/64 WinCE Linux |
| Weight | 20g | |
| Temperature | Normal operating temperature | -30°C ~ +70°C |
| | Extended working temperature | -40°C ~ +85°C |
| | storage temperature | -55°C ~ +125°C |
| Humidity | 5% ~ 95% | |

3.2 Radio frequency indicator

The RF indicators of the CWM900 module are shown in the following table:

Table 3-2 Radio frequency indicator

| | Upstream | Down | Power | Receiving sensitivity |
|-------|--------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------|
| GSM | 824~849MHz | 869~894MHz | 33±2dBm | <-108.5dBm |
| | 880~915MHz | 925~960MHz | 33±2dBm | <-108.5dBm |
| | 1710~1785MHz | 1805~1880MHz | 30±2dBm | <-108.5dBm |
| | 1850~1910MHz | 1930~1990MHz | 30±2dBm | <-108.5dBm |
| WCDMA | 824~849MHz | 869~894MHz | 24+1/-3dBm | <-109dBm |
| | 880~915MHz | 925~960MHz | 24+1/-3dBm | <-109dBm |
| | 1850~1910MHz | 1930~1990MHz | 24+1/-3dBm | <-107dBm |
| | 1920~1980MHz | 2110~2170MHz | 24+1/-3dBm | <-107dBm |

3.3 Power Supply DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Power/IO Level Characteristics

The DC characteristics and IO level characteristics of the CWM900 HSUPA module power supply are shown in the following table:

Table 3-3 Power/IO Level DC Characteristics

| Parameter | Description | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------|------------|---------|------------|------|
| VCC | Module input power | 3.3 | 3.3 | 4.2 | V |
| VIH | Input high level | 0.65*VDDIO | | VDDIO+0.3 | V |
| VIL | Input low level | -0.3 | | 0.35*VDDIO | V |
| VOH | Output high level | VDDIO-0.45 | | VDDIO | V |
| VOL | Output low level | 0 | | 0.45 | V |
| CIN | Input capacitance | - | | 7 | pF |

Here VDDIO = 2.6V.



Note: The power-on time of any interface of the module must not precede the boot time of the module. Otherwise, it may cause the module to be abnormal or damaged.

3.32 Working current

The operating current of the CWM900 HSUPA module is shown in the following table:

Table 3-4 Working current of CWM900 HSUPA module

| WCDMA parameter description | Average value | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Voltage | 3.3 | V |
| Sleep Mode @DRX=6 | | mA |
| | | mA |
| | | mA |
| IDLE Mode @DRX=6 Mode 1 | | mA |
| | | mA |
| | | mA |
| | | mA |
| UMTS Data transfer Band I @+10dBm | | mA |
| | | mA |
| HSDPA Data transfer Band I @+10dBm | | mA |
| | | mA |
| HSUPA Data transfer Band I @+10dBm | | mA |
| | | mA |

Note: Mode 1: UART Suspend/USB Suspend;

Mode 2: UART Suspend/USB Active;

Mode 3: UART Active/USB Suspend;

Mode 4: UART Active/USB Active



Chapter 4 Interface definition

The CWM900 HSUPA module interface definition is shown in the following table:

Table 4-1 Interface definition

| Pin | Standard Pin definition | Pin definition | I/O properties | Description |
|-----|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | WAKE# | MIC_P | Analog input | Analog audio input positive terminal (optional feature) |
| 2 | 3.3Vaux | VCC_3V3 | Power input | 3.3V main power supply |
| 3 | COEX1 | MIC_N | Analog input | Analog audio input negative terminal (optional function) |
| 4 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 5 | COEX2 | EAR_P | Analog output | Analog audio output positive terminal (optional feature) |
| 6 | 1.5V | NC | | Unused |
| 7 | CLKREQ# | EAR_N | Analog output | Analog audio output negative terminal (optional function) |
| 8 | UIM_PWR | VREG_USIM | Power Output | USIM card power supply |
| 9 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 10 | UIM_DATA | USIM_DATA | Two way | USIM card data |
| 11 | REFCLK- | UART1_RXD | Input | UART1 data reception (optional function) |
| 12 | UIM_CLK | USIM_CLK | Output | USIM card clock |
| 13 | REFCLK+ | UART1_TXD | Output | UART1 data transmission (optional function) |
| 14 | UIM_RESET | USIM_RESET | Output | USIM card reset |
| 15 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 16 | UIM_Vpp | NC | | Unused |
| 17 | UIN_C8 | UART1_RI_N | Output | UART1 ringing indication (optional function) |
| 18 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 19 | UIN_C4 | INT1_IN | Two way | General purpose input/output signal or interrupt signal Number (optional feature) |
| 20 | W_DISABLE# | W_DISABLE_N | Input | RF inhibit control, "low" active (optional function) |
| 21 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 22 | PERST# | RESIN_N | Input | Reset control, "low" is valid(optional function) |
| 23 | PERn0 | UART1_CTS_N | Input | UART1 is ready to send(optional function) |



| | | | | |
|----|-----------|-------------|---------------|---|
| 24 | 3.3Vaux | VCC_3V3 | Power input | 3.3V auxiliary power supply (optional function) |
| 25 | PERp0 | UART1_RFR_N | Output | UART1 request to send(optional function) |
| 26 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 27 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 28 | 1.5V | NC | | Unused |
| 29 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 30 | SMB_CLK | UART2_RFR_N | Output | UART2 request transmission (optional function) |
| 31 | PETn0 | UART1_DTR_N | Input | UART1 DTE is ready (optional feature) |
| 32 | SMB_DATA | UART2_CTS_N | Input | UART2 ready to send (optional feature) |
| 33 | PETp0 | UART1_DCD_N | Output | UART1 carrier detection (optional feature) |
| 34 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 35 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 36 | USB_D- | USB_D- | Two way | USB data cable - |
| 37 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 38 | USB_D+ | USB_D+ | Two way | USB data cable + |
| 39 | 3.3Vaux | VCC_3V3 | Power input | 3.3V main power supply |
| 40 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 41 | 3.3Vaux | VCC_3V3 | Power input | 3.3V main power supply |
| 42 | LED_WWAN# | LED_WWAN_N | Current input | Work status light control, "low" effective |
| 43 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 44 | LED_WLAN# | UART2_RXD | input | UART2 data reception (optional function) |
| 45 | Reserved | PCM_CLK | Two way | PCM clock (optional function), |
| 46 | LED_WPAN# | UART2_TXD | Output | UART2 data transmission (optional function) |
| 47 | Reserved | PCM_DOUT | Two way | PCM data output (optional function) |
| 48 | 1.5V | NC | | Unused |
| 49 | Reserved | PCM_DIN | Two way | PCM data input (optional function) |
| 50 | GND | GND | | Ground |
| 51 | Reserved | PCM_SYNC | Two way | PCM sync (optional function), |
| 52 | 3.3Vaux | VCC_3V3 | Power input | 3.3V main power supply |



Chapter 5. Main function interface description

5.1 UART interface (optional function)

Table 5-1 UART Interface Definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 11 | UART1_RXD | Input | 2.6V | UART1 data reception |
| 13 | UART1_TXD | Output | 2.6V | UART1 data transmission |
| 17 | UART1_RI_N | Output | 2.6V | UART1 ringing indication |
| 23 | UART1_CTS_N | Input | 2.6V | UART1 is ready to send |
| 25 | UART1_RFR_N | Output | 2.6V | UART1 request to send |
| 30 | UART2_RFR_N | Output | 2.6V | UART2 request to send |
| 31 | UART1_DTR_N | Input | 2.6V | UART1 DTE is ready |
| 32 | UART2_CTS_N | Input | 2.6V | UART2 is ready to send |
| 33 | UART1_DCD_N | Output | 2.6V | UART1 carrier detection |
| 44 | UART2_RXD | Input | 2.6V | UART2 data reception |
| 46 | UART2_TXD | Output | 2.6V | UART2 data transmission |
| | GND | | | Ground |

The UART1 interface supports an 8-wire serial protocol, and the UART2 interface supports a 5-wire serial protocol with a maximum speed of 4Mbps.

The UART1/UART2 interface supports the following features:

- ✧ Software download upgrade
- ✧ Data communication
- ✧ AT Command
- ✧ Bluetooth

When the UART interface is directly connected to the microprocessor, the reference design is as follows. If the 3-wire connection is used, the RFR and CTS need to be shorted. Note that if the levels on both sides do not match, you can connect a 1k resistor in series with the signal line or add a bidirectional Schottky diode.

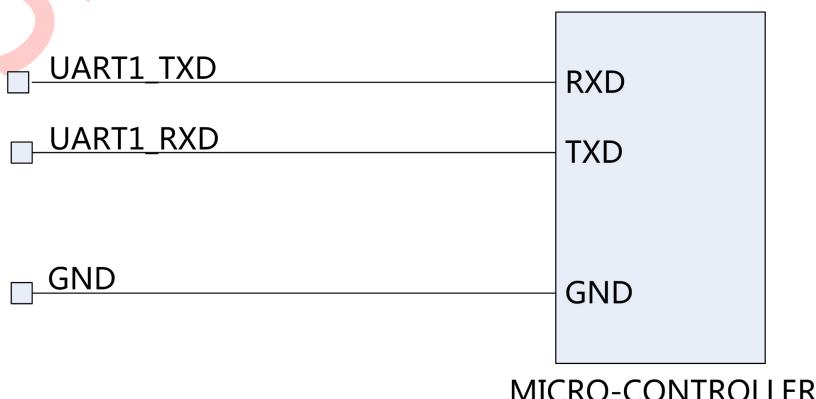


Figure 5-1 UART interface and microprocessor connection reference design



The UART interface can also be connected to the standard RS232-C interface via an RS232 level shifting chip.

The MAX3232 chip is recommended when using a 4-wire serial port. The reference design is as follows:

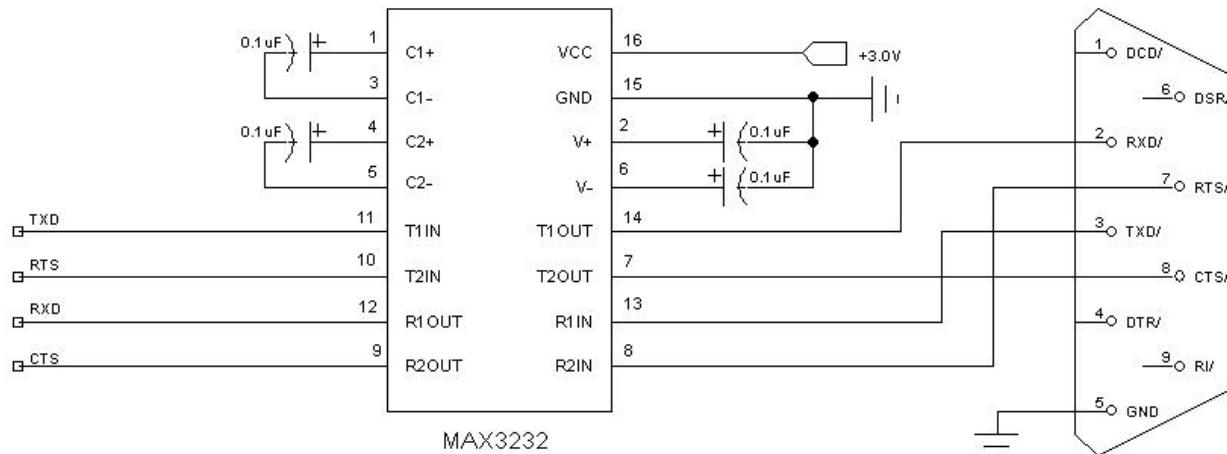


Figure 5-2 Five-wire serial port reference design

The MAX3238 chip is recommended when using an 8-wire serial port. The reference design is as follows:

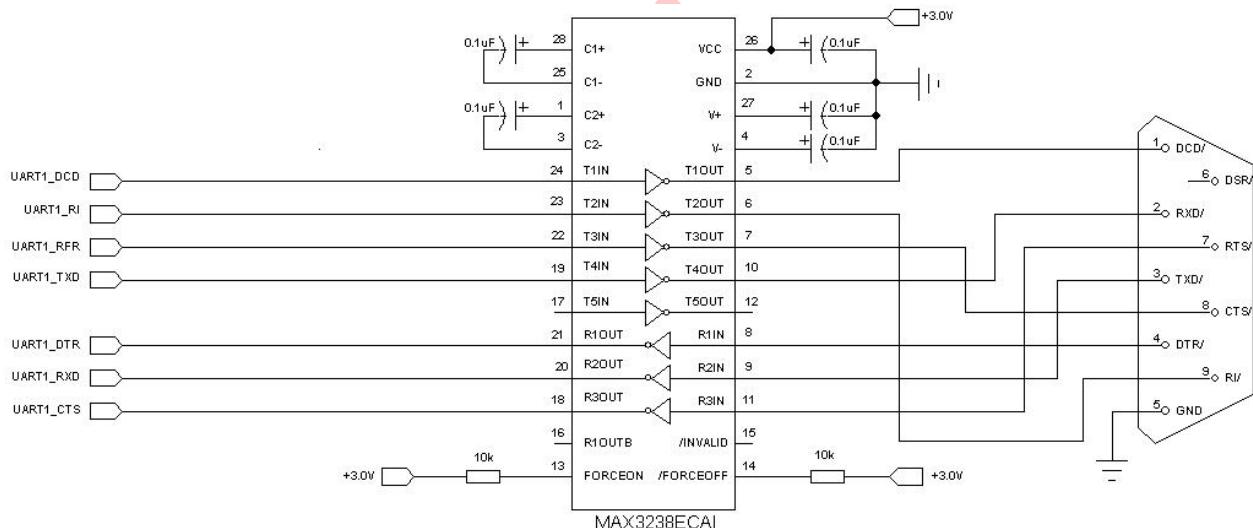


Figure 5-3 8-wire serial port reference design

5.2 USB interface

Table 5-2 USB Interface Definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|------------------|
| 36 | USB_D- | Two way | 3.3V | USB data cable - |
| 38 | USB_D+ | Two way | 3.3V | USB data cable + |
| | GND | | | Ground |

The USB interface supports USB 2.0 Fullspeed and Lowspeed. Note that CWM900 HAUAP module can only be a slave device.



The USB interface supports the following features:

- ❖ Software download upgrade
- ❖ Data communication
- ❖ AT Command

The USB interface reference design is as follows:

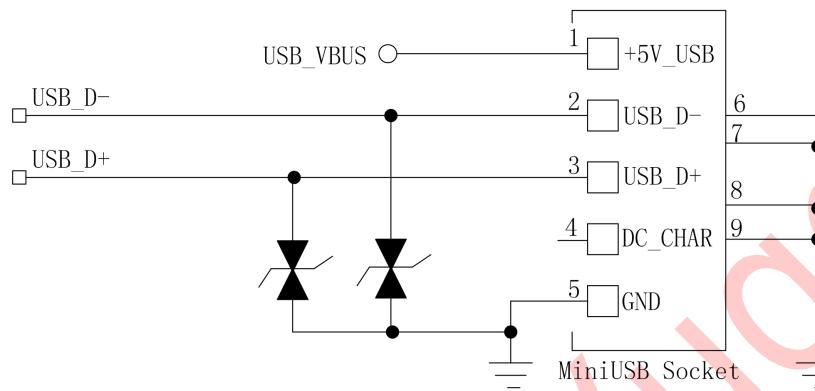


Figure 5-4 USB interface reference design

Since the USB2.0 High speed speed can be up to 480Mbps, you need to pay attention to the following points when designing the motherboard:

1. USB socket needs to meet the USB2.0 High speed requirements;
2. The USB trace needs to be controlled to a 90Ω characteristic impedance;
3. If the ESD protection device is added to the data line, the junction capacitance needs to be less than $1pF$;

5.3 PCM interface (optional feature)

Table 5-3 PCM Interface Definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|
| 45 | PCM_CLK | Two way | 2.6V | PCM clock |
| 47 | PCM_DOUT | Two way | 2.6V | PCM data output |
| 49 | PCM_DIN | Two way | 2.6V | PCM data input |
| 51 | PCM_SYNC | Two way | 2.6V | PCM synchronization |
| | GND | | | Ground |

This interface is a PCM/I2S interface and can support the following functions:

- ❖ Bluetooth
- ❖ Codec interface
- ❖ DAC/ADC interface

The following figure shows an application of the PCM interface for digital voice transmission. It is converted to analog voice by an external Codec chip, and then connected to the MIC and RECEIVER.

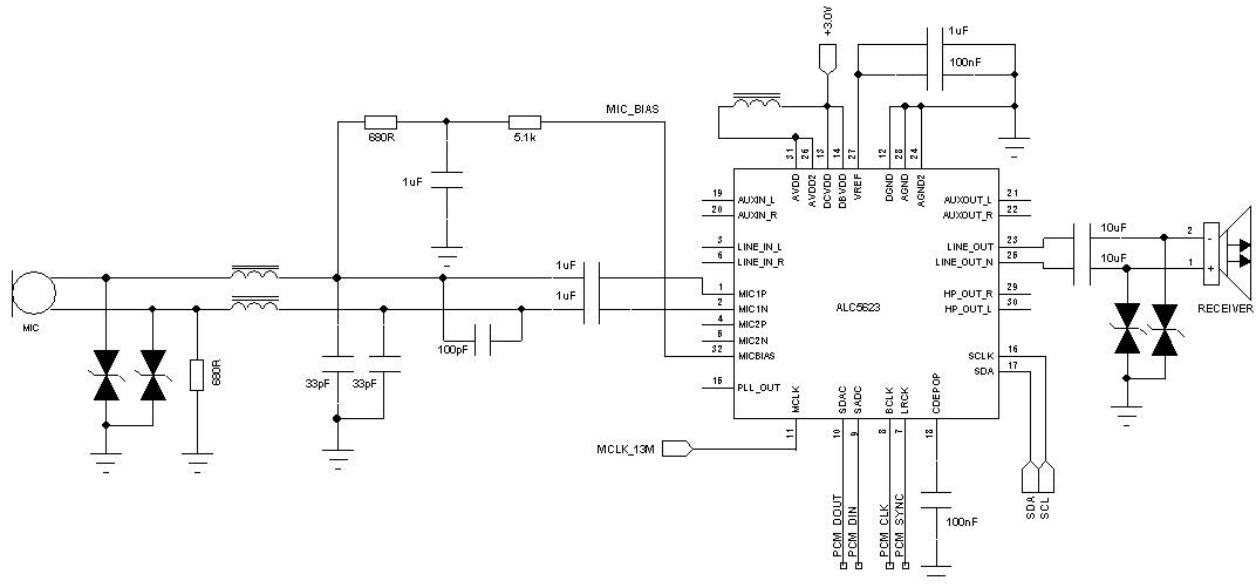


Figure 5-5 PCM digital voice application reference design

5.4 AUDIO interface

Table 5-4 AUDIO Interface Definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | MIC_P | Analog input | | Audio input positive end |
| 3 | MIC_N | Analog input | | Audio input negative |
| 5 | EAR_P | Analog output | | Audio output positive end |
| 7 | EAR_N | Analog output | | Audio output negative |
| | GND | | | Ground |

The AUDIO interface provides an audio input and output interface in differential mode. The MIC bias voltage and DC blocking capacitors are already provided inside the module, so the external design is no longer needed. The road audio output can drive a 32 ohm receiver.

The differential line of the differential audio interface should pay attention to the parallel equidistance in the PCB design. The length of the trace should be as short as possible. The filter circuits on both sides should be as symmetrical as possible. The positive and negative differential signals should be as close as possible. The audio input and audio output need to be separated to prevent crosstalk, while away from power, RF, antenna and other circuits. In addition, ESD protection devices are recommended at the MIC, RECEIVER/SPEAKER interfaces.

The reference design of the differential audio input and output interface is as follows:

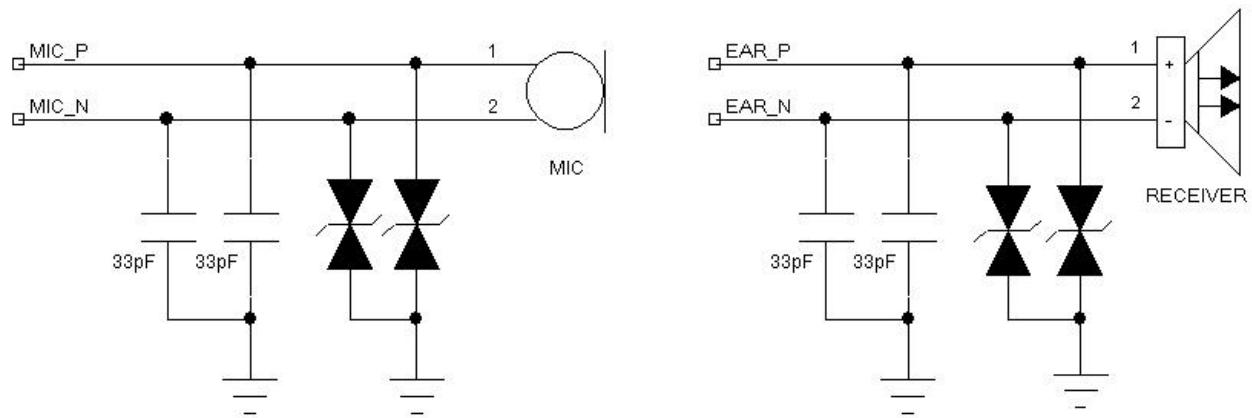


Figure 5-6 Differential Audio Interface Reference Design

The differential audio channel can also work in single-ended mode, such as an external headphone jack. The single-ended audio interface is preferably packaged on the outside of the PCB design. The audio input and the audio output need to be separated to prevent crosstalk. At the same time, keep away from power, RF, antenna and other circuits. In addition, it is recommended to add ESD protection devices at the interface.

The reference design diagram for the single-ended audio interface is as follows:

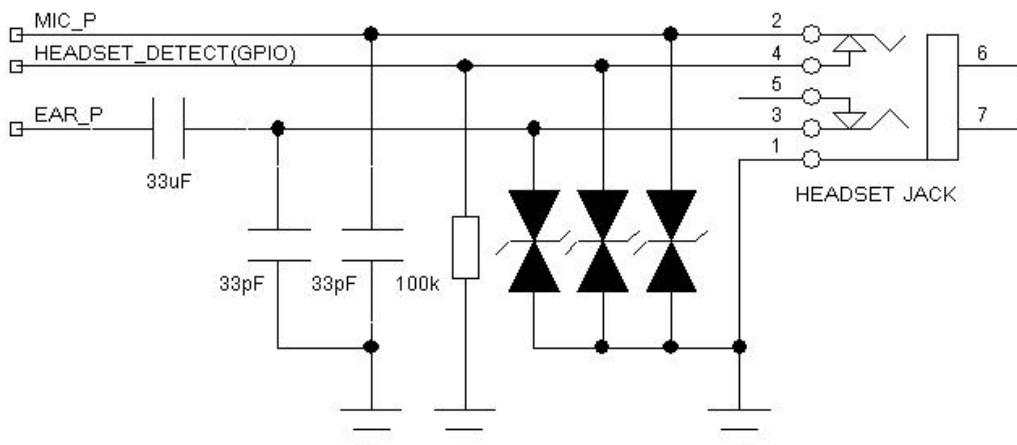


Figure 5-7 Single-ended audio interface reference design

5.5 USIM card interface

Table 5-5 USIM card interface definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|
| 8 | VREG_USIM | Output | 1.8V/2.85V | USIM card power supply |
| 10 | USIM_DATA | Two way | 1.8V/2.85V | USIM card data |
| 12 | USIM_CLK | Output | 1.8V/2.85V | USIM card clock |
| 14 | USIM_RESET | Output | 1.8V/2.85V | USIM card reset |
| | GND | | | Ground |



The CWM900 HSUPA module can be connected to a 3.0V/1.8V USIM card and can be automatically detected. It is recommended to connect $33\ \mu$ capacitors between USIM_CLK, USIM_DATA, USIM_RESET and GND to filter out the interference of RF signals, and connect 33ohm resistors in series on USIM_CLK, USIM_DATA and USIM_RESET. Also, be careful to place the ESD protection device next to the USIM deck.

The USIM card interface reference design diagram is as follows:

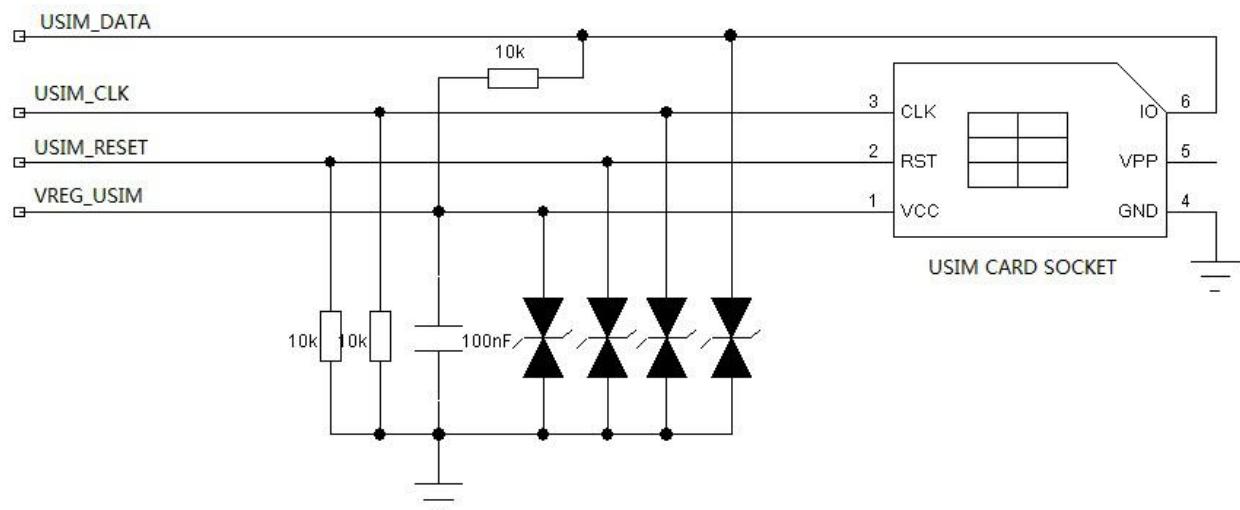


Figure 5-8 USIM card interface reference design

5.6 Control and general purpose I/O interface (optional feature)

Table 5-6 Control and General I/O Interface Definitions

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-----------------|----------------|------------|--|
| 19 | INT1_N | Input | 2.6V | General purpose input or output signal or interrupt signal (default is input, internal pull-up) |
| 20 | W_DISABLE_N | Input | 2.6V | RF is prohibited, "low" is valid, internal pull-up High: normal work Low: No work |
| 22 | RESIN_N | Input | 2.6V | Reset control, "low" active, internal pull-up High: normal operation Low: reset module |
| 30 | GPIO1/UART2_RFR | Two way | 2.6V | General purpose input and output signal or UART2_RFR |
| 32 | GPIO3/UART2_CTS | Two way | 2.6V | General purpose input and output signal or UART2_CTS |
| 42 | LED_WWAN_N | Current | 3.3V | Work status light, "low" is valid, |



| | | | | |
|----|-----------|-------|------|--|
| | | input | | default is "high" High: LED light is off Low: LED light on |
| 44 | UART2_RXD | I | 2.6V | UART2 data input (optional feature) |
| 46 | UART2_TXD | O | 2.6V | UART2 data output (optional feature) |
| | GND | | | Ground |

W_DISABLE_N: When the default function of this pin is not used, it can be reused as GPIO.

RESIN_N: The module can be reset by pulling this pin low for 50ms. This pin is sensitive to interference and should be protected when wiring.

LED_WWAN_N: This pin is controlled by SINK type current source mode. The maximum current that can flow in is 40mA. When external LED lamp is connected, the current limiting resistor should be connected in series. The resistance value can be calculated from the rated voltage/rated current of the selected LED lamp.

The reference design of the LED light interface is as follows:

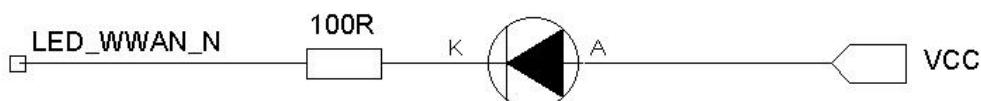


Figure 5-9 LED lamp reference design

LED_WWAN_N is the working status indicator of the CWM900 HSUPA module, controlled by the module software. The status table is as follows:

Table 5-7 LED_WWAN_N Status Indicator Table

| CWM900 HSUPA working mode | LED display status |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Search network | Single flash (cycle is 3s) |
| Successfully registered network, but in idle state (ie, not in call or data transfer state) | Double flash (cycle is 3s) |
| Call or data transfer status | Fast flashing (cycle is 0.2s) |

5.7 Power interface

Table 5-8 Power Interface Definition

| Pin | Signal name | I/O properties | High value | Description |
|-----|-------------|----------------|------------|---|
| 2 | VCC_3V3 | power input | 3.3V | 3.3V main power supply |
| 24 | VCC_3V3 | power input | 3.3V | 3.3V auxiliary power supply (optional function) |
| 39 | VCC_3V3 | power input | 3.3V | 3.3V main power supply |
| 41 | VCC_3V3 | power input | 3.3V | 3.3V main power supply |
| 52 | VCC_3V3 | power input | 3.3V | 3.3V main power supply |
| | GND | | | Ground |



The CWM900 HSUPA module receives the 3.3V power supply from the outside (accuracy is $\pm 9\%$). The maximum average power consumption of the module is about 1000mA. It is recommended to use LDO or switching power supply of 1.5A or above. In order to maintain the instantaneous voltage stability during operation, it is recommended to add several large storage capacitors, such as 220uF tantalum capacitors, to the power port of the motherboard.

5.8 Antenna socket interface

The CWM900 HSUPA module has 3 antenna socket interfaces, one is the main antenna socket interface (labeled "M", one is) the diversity antenna (labeled "A", and the other is the GPS antenna socket interface (labeled "G") When selecting an external antenna, be sure to)) Select a cable and antenna with a 50 ohm characteristic impedance.

Diversity Antenna: Enhances RF received signal quality and improves RF performance.

The CWM900 HSUPA module antenna interface is recommended for ESD protection. Connect a 68~100nH inductor to the ground. The reference design is as follows:

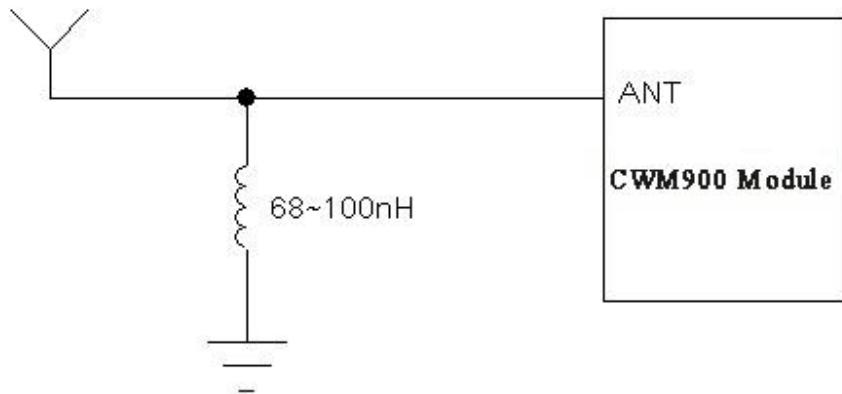


Figure 5-10 Antenna Interface ESD Protection Reference Design



Chapter 6. structure

6.1 Structural size

The outline drawing of the CWM900 HSUPA module is as follows:



Figure 6-1 CWM900 outline drawing

The structural dimensions of the CWM900 HSUPA module are as follows:

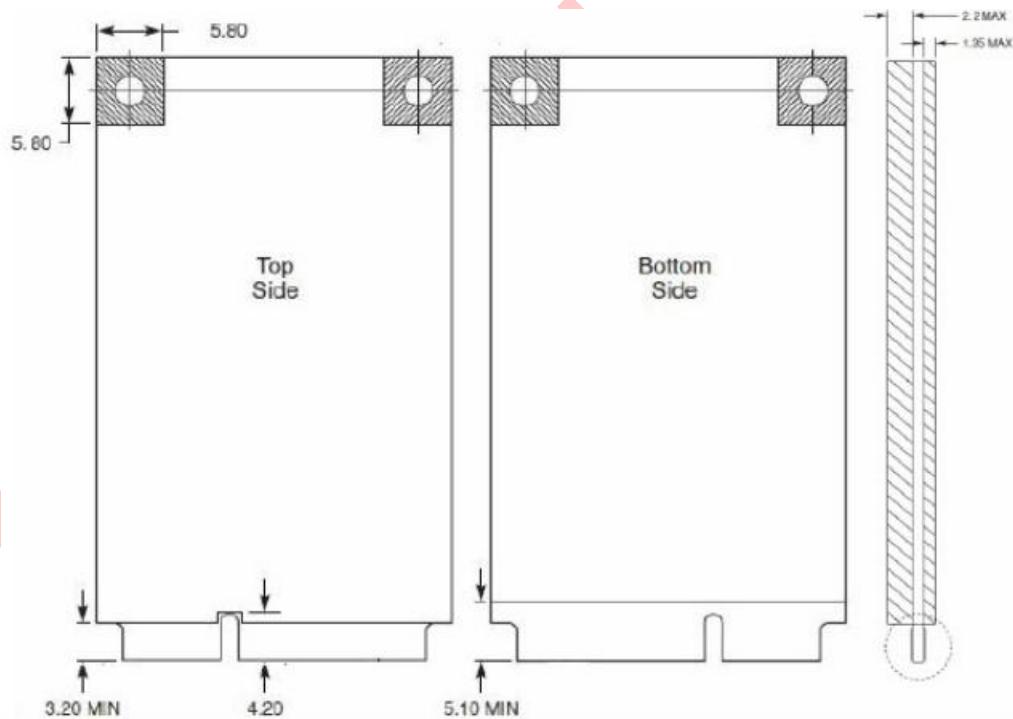


Figure 6-2 CWM900 HSUPA module structure size

6.2 Mini PCI Express connector

The CWM900 HSUPA module interface complies with the PCI Express Mini Card 1.2 interface standard, and PCI Express Mini Card connectors that conform to this standard can be used with it, such as Molex's 679100002.

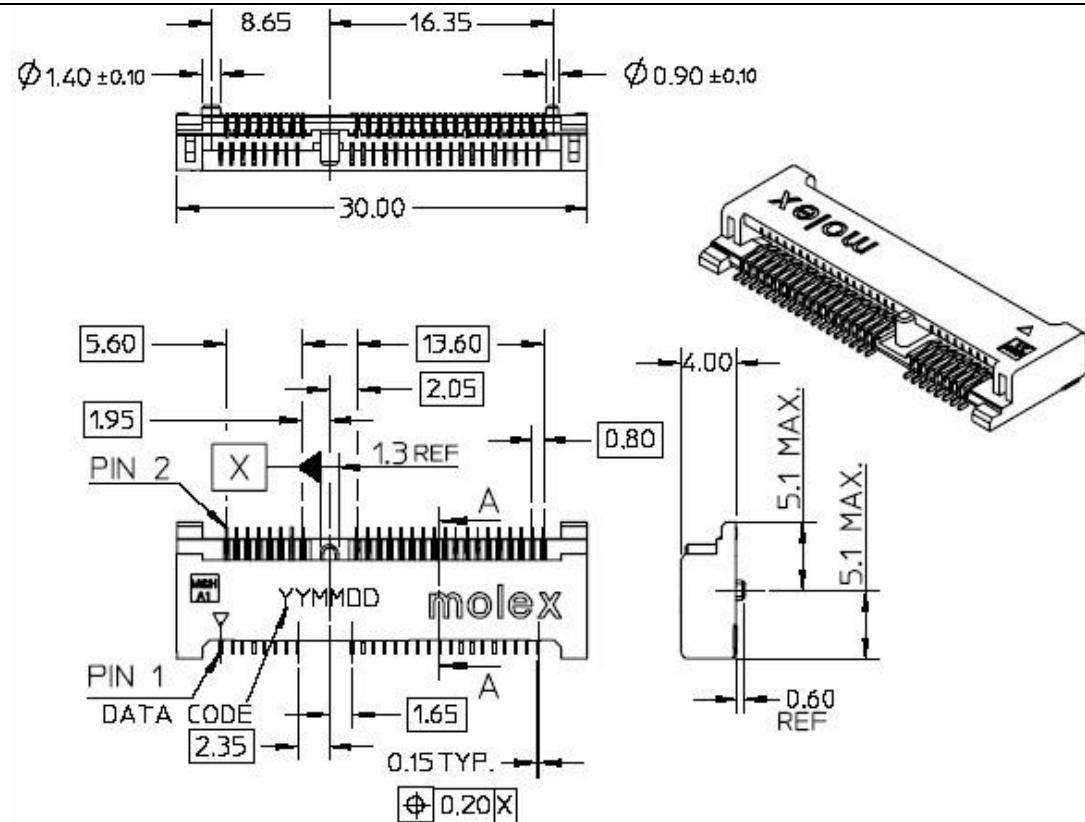
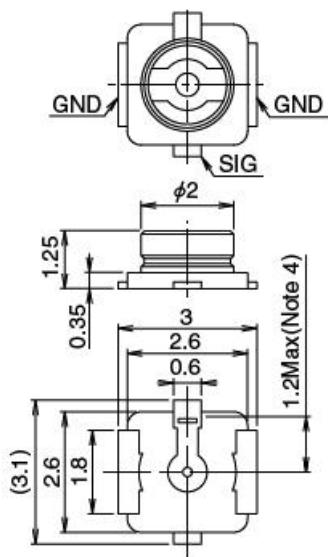


Figure 6-3 PCI Express Mini Card Connector

6.3 RF connector

The RF connector used on the CWM900 HSUPA module is the U.FL-R-SMT-1 (10) from HRS.



U.FL-R-SMT-1

◆ Recommended PCB Mounting Pattern

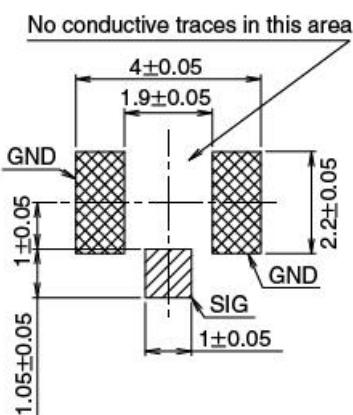


Figure 6-4 Antenna connector size

The RF connector plug for this connector is the U.FL-LP series from HRS.



| Part No. | U.FL-LP-040 | U.FL-LP-066 | U.FL-LP(V)-040 | U.FL-LP-062 | U.FL-LP-088 |
|------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Mated Height | 2.5mm Max. (2.4mm Nom.) | 2.5mm Max. (2.4mm Nom.) | 2.0mm Max. (1.9mm Nom.) | 2.4mm Max. (2.3mm Nom.) | 2.4mm Max. (2.3mm Nom.) |
| Applicable cable | Dia. 0.81mm Coaxial cable | Dia. 1.13mm and Dia. 1.32mm Coaxial cable | Dia. 0.81mm Coaxial cable | Dia. 1mm Coaxial cable | Dia. 1.37mm Coaxial cable |
| Weight (mg) | 53.7 | 59.1 | 34.8 | 45.5 | 71.7 |
| RoHS | | | YES | | |

Figure 6-4 Antenna connector mating plug



Chapter 7. Selection guide

Table 7-1 CWM900 module model description

| Model | Frequency band | Whether with GPS | Whether to support voice | IO port voltage | Remarks |
|------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| CWM900 | UMTS/HSDPA: 2100MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 900/1800MHz | No | Yes | 2.6V | |
| CWM900 AC | UMTS/HSDPA: 2100/900MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz | No | Yes | 2.6V | |
| CWM900 AD | UMTS/HSDPA: 2100/850MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz | No | Yes | 2.6V | |
| CWM900 ABC | UMTS/HSDPA: 2100/1900/900MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz | No | Yes | 2.6V | |